

88713

Concrete containing furan resin:

S/098/60/000/002/003/006
B019/B067

Its specific gravity is by about 10% lower than that of ordinary concrete; its compressive strength is 700 kg/cm², its tensile strength 60-70 kg/cm², and its bending strength 120-160 kg/cm². It is impervious up to 20 atmospheres excess pressure; however, no practical data are available on its durability. Finally, the author deals with the applications of furan resin in the form of water emulsions for increasing the imperviousness and acid resistance, as described in non-Soviet publications. In this connection, reference is made to the British patent no. 767617 from February 6, 1957. The chemical products mentioned are mainly produced by Ferganskoye sovnarkhoz (Fergana sovnarkhoz), Luganskoye sovnarkhoz (Luga sovnarkhoz), and Leningradskiy sovnarkhoz (Leningrad sovnarkhoz). There are 4 references: 3 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. ✓

Card 2/2

BEREZINSKIY, A.R., doktor tekhn.nauk; SOLOMATOV, V.I., inzh.

Plastic materials in hydraulic engineering. Gidr. i mel. 12 no.10:
39-44 0 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

(Plastics) (Hydraulic engineering--Equipment and supplies)

SOLOMATOV, V.I., inzh.

Concrete mixtures made with furan resins. Gidr. stroi. 30
no.9:16-17 S '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Concrete) (Furan)

SOLOMATOV, V.I., inzh.

Lowering the permeability of concrete using polymer materials.
Izv. ASIA 4 no. 4:59-63 '62. (MIRA 16:1)
(Polymers) (Concrete—Testing)

SOLOMATOV, V.I., inzh.

Protecting concrete surfaces with polymer coatings. Stroim. mat.
8 no.7:13-15 JI '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Polymers) (Protective coatings) (Concrete--Testing)

BOGOMOLOV, V.I., inzh.

Test resistance of polymer cement concrete. Stroi. mat. 9
no.6:28-30 Jo '63. (MIRA 17:8)

MOSHCHANSKIY, N.A., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.; ZOLOTNITSKIY, I.M.,
kand.tekhn.nauk; SOLOMATOV, V.I.; SHNEYDEROVA, V.V.;
KOSYAKINA, Z.K., red.; KASIMOV, D.Ya., tekhn.red.

[Plastics and synthetic resins in anticorrosion technology]
Plastmassy i sinteticheskie smoly v protivokorroziionnoi
tekhnike. [By] N.A.Moshchanskii i dr. Moskva, Izd-vo lit-
ry po stroit., 1964. 136 p. (MIRA 17:3)

I 54198-65 EWG(s)-2/EWP(j)/EWT(m) Pc-4/Pw-4 RM
 ACCESSION NR: AP5014972 UR/0228/64/000/007/0006/0007

AUTHOR: Solomatov, V. I. (Candidate of technical sciences) 22
 B

TITLE: Creep of polymer-cement concrete

SOURCE: Stroitel'nyye materialy, no. 7, 1964, 6-7

TOPIC TAGS: concrete, polymer, cement temperature

Abstract: Since temperature changes chiefly affect the physico-mechanical properties of polymers, a relationship between deformation and temperature conditions can be expected. Consequently, creep was studied at various temperatures of the medium: -16°, -20°, -20°, and 150°C. The copolymer of vinylacetate and dibutylmaleate was the polymer used. The proportion of polymer was 20% by weight to the cement in a dry condition. Specimens of ordinary concrete with the same composition but without the polymers were used as a comparison. The experiments showed that the introduction of the thermoplastic component many times increases the creep of concrete that is air-dried. The presence of moisture intensifies even more the deformation of polymer-cement concrete under load. Temperature has a significant effect on the creep of this concrete. In this con-

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L 45198- 65

ACCESSION NR: AP5014972

rection polymers with high vitrification points and thermoreactive resins are preferable for combining with concrete. When using polymer-cement concrete in construction it is especially important to consider their increased creep. Concretes with thermoplastic and elastoplastic inclusions can be advantageously used as protective floor coverings, for roads, and in other cases where their increased elastic-strength properties and physico-chemical durability can be used to best advantage. Orig. art. has 1 figure and 3 graphs.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT, TD

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 002

JPRS

Card

2/2

SOLOVYOV, V.I., and I. V. K. 1964

Effect of the temperature of the medium on the properties of
polymer-cement concrete. Sov. L. nat. 10 no. 7:8 S. 164
(MIRA 10:8)

TSIPER, N.A.; kand. tekhn. nauk; SOLOMATOVA, N.A.; sanitarnyy vrach.

Hygienic properties of floors covered with polymer materials.
Gig. sanit. 28 no.2:95-98 '63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz Instituta obshchey i kommunal'noy gigiyeny imeni A.N.
Sysina AMN SSSR i Gorodskoy sanitarn-epidemiologicheskoy stan-
tsii Moskvy.

PETUKHOVSKIY, A.A.; TIMOSHKOV, V.V.; SOLOMATOVA, N.A.; VIZIROV, B.N.

Results of the control of murine rodents and flies on
Moscow livestock farms. Gig. i san. 28 no.7:97 J1 '63.

(MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz Moskovskoy gorodskoy sanitarno-epidemiologicheskoy
stantsii, Moskovskoy gorodskoy dezinfektsionnoy stantsii i
Moskovskogo gorodskogo veterinarnogo otдела.

SOLOMCHENKO, A.

School of craftsmanship in the land of the Juculs. *Mest.prom.i*
khud.promys. 3 no.4:34 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Direktor Kosovskogo uchilishcha prikladnogo iskusstva,
Stanislavskaya oblast'.

(Kosov--Art industries--Study and teaching)

SOLOMCHENKO, N.I.

Effect of erysimine on cardiovascular insufficiency. Sov.med. 20 no.
6:57-61 '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1. Is gosital'noy terapevticheskoy kliniki (zav. prof. A.S.Voronov)
Stalinskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni A.M.Gor'kogo (dir. dotsent
A.M.Ganichkin) na baze Tsentral'noy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy
vrach M.I.Asnes)

(CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES, therapeutic use,
erysimine (Rus))

SOLUCHENKO, N.Ya.; SHUBALOVA, N.N., REBINDER, I.A., akademik

Mutual adsorption of polyacrylamide and a cation-active substance imparting hydrophobicity on the surface of kaolin. Dokl. AN SSSR 158 no.3: 699-701 S '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR.

PCHELIN, V.A.; SOLOMCHENKO, N.Ya.

Structural and mechanical properties of solutions, gels, and coagulates (coacervates) of gelatin. Koll.zhur. 22 no.1:63-68 Ja-F '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Moskovskiy universitet imeni M.V.Lomonosova, Khimicheskiy fakul'tet, Kafedra kolloidnoy khimii.
(Gelatin)

L 20343-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j)/T WW/RM

ACC NR: AP6012075

SOURCE CODE: UR/0069/65/027/001/0106/0112

51

AUTHOR: Solomchenko, N. Ya.; Andreyev, L. N.--Andreev, L. N.; Serb-Serbina, N. N. 49

ORG: Institute of Physical Chemistry, AN USSR, Moscow (Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR) B

TITLE: Structure formation associated with the reinforcement of clay soils by some synthetic polymers

SOURCE: Kolloidnyy zhurnal, v. 27, no. 1, 1965, 106-112

TOPIC TAGS: copolymer, acrylic plastic, linear polymer, monomer, soil mechanics, soil, elastic modulus

ABSTRACT: Investigations were made of the structural and mechanical properties of solutions of polyacrylamide and its copolymers with certain "cross-linking" additives, individually and with the introduction of clayey soil and its model components.

The conversion of the linear polymer obtained by polymerizing acrylamide (20% solution) in water with suitable initiators (ammonium persulfate and sodium hydrosulfite) into three-dimensional water-insoluble copolymers is associated with the conversion from an infinitely swelling polyacrylamide solution into sparingly swelling aqueous dispersions of copolymers. The swelling kinetics and extent of water absorption depend on the amount of the "cross-linking" reagent.

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UDC: 541.182.02

L 20343-66

ACC NR: AP6012075

2

The strength of aqueous dispersions of the copolymers increases considerably and depends both on the nature of the cross-linking reagent and on the relative proportions of the monomers present in the solution. A pronounced increase in the strength characteristics was obtained in the copolymerization of acrylamide and 1,3,5-hexahydro-S-triaacrylyl triazine (TAT) at a ratio of 1:0.05. Excess TAT caused a decrease in the strength of the cross-linked dispersions and a simultaneous increase in the equilibrium elastic modulus. It was shown that copolymerization occurring in aqueous clay - kaolin dispersions or in water-logged physicochemical soil models leads to still higher P_m and P_g values and higher elastic moduli (E_1), and permits the introduction of larger amounts of the cross-linking additive. Orig. art. has: 7 figures. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 08, 11, 20 / SUBM DATE: 27Mar63 / ORIG REF: 010 / OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2 BK

BYALYY, S. inzhener; SOLOMCHENKO, P., inzhener; VAKHLAKOV, P., inzhener;
SOKOLOV, N., inzhener.

Work experience of flour mills at grain procurement stations. Muk.-elev.
prom. 22 no.6:24-26 Je '56. (MLRA 9:9)

1.Dmitrovskaya mel'nitsa (for Vakhlakov).
(Flour mills)

STRIMBAN, Yu., inzh.; SOLOMEIN, G.

Receiving stations need better grain cleaning machinery. Muk.--elev.
prom. 24 no.7:30 J1 '58. (MIRA 11:10)

- 1.Sverdlovskoye oblastnoye upravleniye khleboproduktov (for Strimban)
- 2.Sverdlovskaya realizatsionnaya baza (for Solomein)
(Sverdlovsk Province--Grain--Cleaning)

KASHCHENKO, V.N., starschi nauchnyy sotrudnik; GOLITSIN, I.A., nauchnyy
sotrudnik

Effect of temperature conditions in a friction unit on its wear.
Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; Mashinost. no.1 1963. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Tomskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

POLOSATKIN, G.D.; SOLOMFIN, I.A.

Wear of aluminum due to microscratching. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz.
8 no.2:86-89 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Sibirskiy fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut imeni Kuznetsova.

ZHIVAYKIN, L.Ya.; SOLOMEIN, S.K.

Hydraulic resistance of packed apparatus during the
descending cocurrent movement of phases. Zhur. VKHO
7 no.6:701-702 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy khimicheskiy
institut.

(Packed towers)

LIMAR', T.F.; IVAROV, K.A.; BULACHEVA, A.P.; SHYVUM, A.S.; BEDNOVA, I.N.;
 MAKOVSKAYA, F.P.; SOLOMEINA, G.I.; DOLMATOV, Yu.D.; BOBYRENKO, Yu.
 Ya.; KOGAN, P.I.; KOVALENKO, P.N.; IVANOVA, A.I.; FOKIN, A.V.;
 KOMAROV, V.A.; SOROCHKIN, I.N.; LAVYLOVA, S.M.; RAVDEL', A.A.;
 GORELIK, G.N.; DANKSNAS, V.K. [Danksas, V.I.; FIKUNAYTE, L.A.
 [Fikunayte, L.], SHAPIROV, A.Kh., SHABALIN, I.I., STEPNOVA, G.M.;
 SHMIDT, Ya.V., SHECOV, S.S., STEPUCOV, O.I.

Scientific research papers of the members of the All-Union
 Mendeleev Chemical Society (brief information). Zhur. VHKC
 10 no.3:394-396 1965. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Donetskii filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo
 instituta khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh
 veshchestv (for Limar', Bravera, Bulacheva). 2. Ural'skiy nauchno-
 issledovatel'skiy khimicheskii institut (for Shubin, Bednova,
 Makovskaya, Solomeina). 3. Chelyabinskii filial Gosudarstvennogo
 nauchno-issledovatel'skogo i proyektного instituta mineral'nykh
 pigmentov (Dolmatov, Bobyrenko). 4. Postovskiy-na-Donu univer-
 sitet (for Kogan, Kovalenko, Ivanova). 5. Leningradskiy tekhnolo-
 gicheskii institut imeni Lensovetu i Institut mineral'nykh
 pigmentov (for Ravdel', Gorelik). 6. Vil'nyusskiy gosudarstvennyy
 universitet imeni Kpaukasa (for Danksas, Fikunayte). Nauchno-
 issledovatel'skiy institut neftekhimicheskikh proizvodstv (for
 Shapirov, Shabalin). 7. Tomskiy politekhnicheskii institut
 imeni Kirova (for Stepnova, Shmidt).

SOLOMENKO, I., inzhener-podpolkovnik

Do we know everything about lubrication? Tekh. i vooruzh. no. 6:
57-59 My '64. (MIRA 17:9)

L 10524-65 EWT(m)/EFF(c)/T Pr-4 AFETR DJ

ACCESSION NR: AP4036982

S/0065/64/000/005/0061/0065

AUTHORS: Bezborod'ko, M. D.; Solomenko, I. I.

TITLE: The effect of spraying on the lubricating properties of oils

SOURCE: Khimiya i tekhnologiya topliv i masel, no. 5, 1964, 61-65

TOPIC TAGS: lubricant, lubricating oil, spraying, atomizing, lubricity, critical load, oxidation, antiseize property

ABSTRACT: A comparison was made of the lubricity of oils applied by spraying and by immersion to the working surface of the friction parts of reducing gears. The comparison was based on the critical load (P_K) that could be applied. MT-16p, AU and MK-8 oils were tested on ShKh-15 steel from 20-200C, and it was found that P_K decreased as oil temperature increased; but if the oil was sprayed, the critical load (P_K^s) was higher than if the gears were immersed in oil. This difference is attributed to the action of atmospheric oxygen which is increased by spraying. The oxide film formed is softer than the tempered steel, and this reduces friction and inhibits seizing of the friction surface. It was also found that P_K^s/P_K increases with temperature, approaching a value of 1.5-2 at 150-200C. Tests which

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L 10524-55

ACCESSION NR: AP4036982

conducted with a limited access of air to the reducing gear housing, or in a nitrogen atmosphere, confirmed the large role of oxygen in improving the lubricating properties of the oils. Under the nitrogen atmosphere P_K was reduced 68% at 100C and 36% at 150C. The effect of oxygen on lubricity is less in oils containing antiseize additives than in oils without additives. A comparison of commercial oils showed in each case that the critical load throughout the 20-200C range was somewhat higher for gears lubricated by spraying than those lubricated by immersion. In the synthetic oils (long chain alcohols) P_K is almost independent of temperature. MK-8 surpasses MT-16p if compared at the same viscosity, possibly because the latter contains a monofunctional additive with antioxidant components. The addition of an antiseize additive to MK-8 increases its P_K by about 5 times. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: FP

NR REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 000

Card

BEZBOROD'KO, M.D.; SOLOMENKO, I.I.; GALIZIN, M.I.

Lubricating capacity of preservative oils. Khim. i tekhn. topl.
i masel 8 no.12:55-58 D '63. (MIRA 17:1)

RE: BOLEDO, R. L. SCIENTIST, I.I.

Friction machine for testing the lubricating performance of
oil fogs. Zav. lab. 30 no. 616-617 '64. (MIRA 17:5)

BEZBOROD'KO, M.D.; SOLOMENKO, I.I.

Effect of the spraying of lubricants on their lubricating capacity. Khim. i tekhn. topl. i masel 9 no.5:61-65 5 My'64
(MIRA 17:?)

SOLOMENKO, N.S.; CHUVIKOVSKIY, V.S., redaktor; SHAROV, Ya.F., redaktor.

[Structural mechanics of the ship] Stroitel'naya mekhanika korablia.
Pod obshchei red. I.A.F. Sharova. Leningrad, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo
mashinostroit. i sudostroit. lit-ry. Leningradskoe otd-nie. 1954.
415 p. (JPRS 8.1)

(Shipbuilding)

AZIMOV, I.; STEPANYAN, G.; SOLOMENKO, Ye.; AYRAPETOV, A., inzhener

Offshore oil fields need a uniform classification manual for laborers. Sots. trud 5 no.12:135-136 D '60. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Sekretar' partorganizatsii tresta "Azmorneftestroy" (for Azimov).
2. Sekretar' partorganizatsii stroitel'no-montazhnogo upravleniya No. 2 tresta "Azmornefterazvedka" (for Stepanyan).
3. Predsedatel' ob'yedinennogo postroykoma profsoyuza rabochikh neftyanoy i khimicheskoy promyshlennosti (for Solomenko).
4. Normativno-issledovatel'skaya stantsiya ob'yedineniya "Azneft" for Ayrapetov).
(Caspian Sea--Oil well drilling, Submarine)
(Job description)

S/119/62/000/002/009/010
D201/D301

AUTHOR:

Solomennikov, A.P.

TITLE:

Investigating the effect of humidity and temperature on
the characteristics of diaphragms of a pneumatic integra-
ting relay membrane

PERIODICAL:

Priborostroyeniye, no. 2, 1962, 30-31

TEXT: The relay in question performs the algebraic additions of up to three pneumatic signals, two having the minus sign and one the plus sign. The structure of the relay is similar to that of BC-34A (BS-34A) manufactured by the 'Tizpribor' plant of the Mosgorsovnarkhoz. The relay was placed in a thermostat at a temp. $+60 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ with the injection of air having a relative humidity of $95 \pm 3\%$. The relay membranes were made of rubberized fabric (rubber type AM-93 and lubrication 3499 TYMX17 (3499 TuMKhP)). Before the experiment, the diaphragms were kept stretched for 8 hours under operating conditions, after which characteristics were recorded and compared with those before stretching. The stretching has

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Investigating the effect of ...

S/119/62/000/002/009/010
D201/D301

shown no effects. After subjecting the diaphragms to $95 \pm 3\%$ humidity for 48 hrs at 60°C , the characteristics were shifted by a certain magnitude which does not change with further tests. This fact suggests that the given type of membrane with one-sided loading before going into use should be aged under working conditions for 48 hrs at 60°C , after which there is no need for any recalibration and retesting. ✓

Card 2/2

SOLOMENNIKOV, A. P.

ACCESSION NR: AP3000243

8/0119/63/000/005/0025/0026

AUTHOR: Solomennikov, A. P.

TITLE: Testing the AUS pneumatic equipment under specific conditions

SOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, No. 5 p. 25-26, May 1963

TOPIC TAGS: AUS pneumatic amplifier, BP-28V pneumatic unit, pressure-gage relay, AM-93 diaphragm canvas, pneumatic summing relay

ABSTRACT: Results are reported of testing the components of an AUS-type pneumatic amplifier under the following conditions: (a) high positive temperatures, (b) negative temperatures, (c) sea-water action, (d) rolling, and (e) heeling (tilting). A pneumatic summing relay was tested at -10C for 1 hr with a maximum output air pressure of 1.2 kg/cm sup 2. The same relay was also tested at -40C for 1 hr. A similar relay was tested for rolling (plus-minus 45 degrees, 8-10-sec period of roll) and heeling (long-time, up to 45 degrees tilt). A pressure-gage relay was tested (72 hrs) for sea-water (3.5 per cent salinity) action on its diaphragm. Upon the above tests, no appreciable change in the principal characteristics of the equipment was observed. Operating-air consumption by the AUS amplifier (as a part of a BP-28V unit), by two pressure-gage relays, and by a 12-m long 6-mm diameter tubing was measured. Block diagrams of testing hookups and the equipment

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP3000248

characteristics are given. Orig. art. has: 5 figures.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 14Jun63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: IE

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

L 41G06-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/T IJP(c) DS/RT
ACC NR: AP6018742

SOURCE CODE: UR/0057/66/036/006/1121/1124

AUTHOR: Potsar, A.A.; Solomennikov, G.V.

ORG: Leningrad Electrotechnical Institute im. Ul'yanov (Len'n) Leningradskiy elektrot-
ekhnicheskii institut)

TITLE: On the temperature conditions in an oxide-coated cathode in a low pressure
mercury discharge

SOURCE: Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, v. 36, no. 6, 1966, 1121-1124

TOPIC TAGS: cathode, electron tube cathode, barium oxide, temperature control

ABSTRACT: The core and surface temperatures of an oxide coated cathode operating in a low pressure mercury vapor atmosphere were determined as functions of the current drawn from it in order to acquire data that would allow of specifying optimal operating conditions for oxide-coated cathodes in high current applications. The oxide coating was deposited on the plane surface of an indirectly heated base of electrolytic nickel. The core temperature was measured with a thermocouple. To measure the surface temperature of the oxide coating, the near infrared radiation from the surface was focused onto a photoresistor connected into a bridge circuit. The optical device was calibrated against the thermocouple by assuming that the core and surface temperatures were equal when the cathode current was zero. Curves were plotted giving the core and surface temperatures as functions of the cathode current for fixed values

UDC: 537.52

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L 41006-66

ACC NR: AP6018742

of the heater current. Only three such curves are presented as examples; they cover the range of cathode currents from zero to about 450 mA/cm^2 . All the curves showed that under normal conditions the cathode temperature changed with changing cathode current, and that the surface temperature was always lower than the core temperature. The measurements confirm the opinion of S.V.Ptitsyn (Fizicheskiye yavleniya v oksidnom katode, Gostekhizdat, 1949) that most of the resistance of an oxide coated cathode is contributed by an intermediate layer (rather than by a thin surface layer). The temperature difference between the core and the surface increased somewhat at the higher temperatures. The slopes of the curves recorded at high temperatures were flatter than those of the curves recorded at lower temperatures; that confirms the known fact that the resistivity of the oxide coating decreases with increasing temperature. It is concluded that the temperature condition of an oxide-coated cathode in operation can be adequately determined for control purposes by measuring the core temperature. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

SUB CODE: 09 / SUBM DATE: 07Jul65/ ORIG. REF: 007

Card 2/2 hs

ACC NR: AR7000950

SOURCE CODE: UR/0275/66/000/011/A022/A022

AUTHOR: Potsar, A. A.; Solomennikov, G. V.

TITLE: Analysis of the work of an oxide cathode in a low-pressure mercury discharge

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Elektronika i yeye primeneniye, Abs. 11A157

REF SOURCE: Izv. Leningr. elektrotekhn. in-ta, vyp. 56, ch. 2, 1966, 14-18

TOPIC TAGS: cathode, oxide cathode, mercury discharge, transverse resistance, low pressure

ABSTRACT: An analysis was made to compare the heating of oxide cathodes with pure and with silicon-nickel cores in a low-pressure mercury discharge, and to clarify the role of intermediate and surface layers in transverse cathode resistance. [Translation of abstract] [NT]

SUB CODE: 11, 20/

Card 1/1

UDC: 537.525

SOLOMENNIKOV, V., inzhener-mayor tyagi

Gas cylinder freight handling cart. Zhel.dor.transp. no.8:80-83
Ag'47. (MLRA 8:12)

(Motor trucks--Engines (Compressed gas))

SOLOMENNIKOV, V.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

The nature of premature wear of crankshaft and bearing in diesel locomotive engines. Trudy RIIZHT no.17:95-145 '53. (MLRA 9:6)
(Diesel locomotives)

SHISHKIN, K.A., prof. [deceased]; DOMBROVSKIY, A.B., dotsent;
TRET'YAKOV, A.P., dotsent; SOLOMONNIKOV, V.A., dotsent;
BOGOYAVLENSKIY, V.N., dotsent; STEPANOV, A.D., doktor tekhn.
nauk; IVAKOV, V.N., prof.; KUZNETSOV, N.V., kand.tekhn.nauk;
SLITIKOV, P.A., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; GAKKEL',
Ye.Ya., dotsent, doktor tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; PANSKIY, V.M.,
dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk, retsenzent; LUGININ, N.G., kand.tekhn.
nauk, red.; KHITROV, P.A., tekhn.red.

[Diesel locomotives] Teplovozy. Moskva, Vses.izdatel'sko-poligr.
ob"edinenie M-va puti soobshcheniya, 1960. 340 p.

(MIRA 14:1)

1. Leningradskiy ordena Lenina institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhno-
go transporta im. akademika V.N.Obratsova (for Slitikov, Geksel',
Panskiy).

(Diesel locomotives)

SOLOMENNIKOV, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Investigating the work of internal moments of inertia in the D-50 diesel-locomotive engine. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; mashinostr. no. 1: 96-106 '61. (MIRA 14:4)

1. Rostovskiy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta. (Diesel locomotives)

SOLOMENNIKOV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Effect of the degree of freedom of main journals in bearing clearances on the dynamics of an engine with a symmetrical crankshaft.
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; mashinostr. no.7:128-141 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta.

(Diesel locomotives--Dynamics)

SOLOMENNIKOV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Interaction of the diesel locomotive engine with the frame structure of the locomotive. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; mashinostr. no.7:148-157 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Lestovskiy-na-Donu institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta.

SOLOMENNIKOV, V.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Selecting an efficient system of the inside balancing of diesel engines with symmetrical crankshaft. Trudy RIIZHT no.44:89-104. '64.

Methodology for studying the transversal dynamics of type D-100 diesel engines. Ibid.:105-116

(MEA 19:1)

KOPYTOV, V.S.; SOLOMENNIKOV, Ye.I.; TUGARINOV, V.K.

Improving crushing department operations in Leninogorsk
Combine plants. Obog.rud. 7 no.1:49-53 '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Leninogorskiy kombinat.
(Leninogorsk (East Kazakhstan Province)—Ore dressing)

KOPYTOV, V.S.; SOLOMENNikov, Ye.I.; TUGARINOV, V.K.

Improving the operation of crushing and grinding departments in plants of the Leninogorsk Combine. Obog. rud 7 no.4:51-54 '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Leninogorskiy kombinat.
(Leninogorsk (East Kazakhstan Province)—Ore dressing)

COL. MONTGOMERY, A.M., (also [unclear])

Immediate and late outcome of surgical treatment of fractures of
the mandible with the use of wire suture. Probl. chel.-lits. Khir.
1.1.126-129 1-3. (MIRA 18:10)

SOLOMENTSEV, D.G., dotsent, kand.ekonomicheskikh nauk

Postwar development of the steel industry in the Tula Economic
Region. Trudy TMI 13:76-99 '59. (MIRA 13:6)
(Tula Province--Steel industry)

BAKULEV, Grigoriy Dmitriyevich, prof., doktor ekonom.nauk; SOLOMENTSEV,
Dmitriy Gavrilovich, dotsent, kand.ekonom.nauk; TYLKIN, M.N.,
red.; PULIN, L.I., tekhn.red.

[Industry of the Tula Economic Region] Promyshlennost' Tul'skogo
ekonomicheskogo raiona. Tula, Tul'skoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960.
366 p. (MIRA 13:7)

(Tula Province--Industries)

DIL', A.; CHARUGINA, N.; BORODIN, A.; SOLODOVNIK, P.; SKLYAR, I.;
SOLOVKIN, N.; POTAPOV, G.; PONOMAREV, N.; ALEKHIN, I. ;
SOLOMENTSEV, K.; TOPYLIN, N.; SKOROVAROV, M.; KARABANOV, S.;
BOGDANOV, N.; STRYUKOV, P.

Nikolai Vasil'evich Romenskii (on the occasion of the 40th
anniversary of his scientific, pedagogic, and public activity).
Muk.-elev. prom. 24 no.12:29-30 D '58. (MIRA 12:1)
(Romenskii, Nikolai Vasil'evich, 1894-)

SOLOMENTSEV, K.

Improve the control of grain preservation. Muk.-elev.prom. 29
no.1:4-5 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Gosudarstvennaya khlebnaya inspektsiya Gosudarstvennogo
Komiteta zagotovok Soveta Ministrov SSSR.
(Grain trade—Accounting)

Solomentsev, M. A.

KRASTOSHEVSKIY, L.S.; DANCHICH, V.V.; AVDIYENKO, T.G.; ARKHANGEL'SKIY, A.F.;
GAK, A.M.; YEPIFANTSEV, Yu.P.; ZELINSKIY, V.M.; IVANOV, P.S.; IVASHCHENKO,
P.R.; KALININA, M.D.; KRAVCHENKO, A.G.; KOTLYAROVA, A.V.; KRUGLYAKOVA,
M.D.; LEVIKOV, I.I.; LIBKIND, R.I.; NIKOLAYEVA, N.A.; NAUMENKO, V.F.;
PRESHMAN, I.B.; PRISYAZHNIKOV, V.S.; POBEDINSKAYA, L.P.; POKALYUKOV,
S.N.; POPOV, A.A.; SOLOMENTSEV, M.N.; TARASOV, I.V.; FILONENKO, A.S.;
SHISHOV, Ye.L.; SHRAYMAN, L.I.; YAKUSHIN, N.P.; ZVORYKINA, L.N., red.
izd-va; LOMILINA, L.N., tekhn.red.

[Horizontal mining in foreign countries] Provedenie gorizonta'l'nykh
vyrobotok za rubezhom. Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1958. 342 p. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Kharkov. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut organizatsii
i mekhanizatsii shakhtnogo stroitel'stva.
(Mining engineering)

BULAKH, Vladimir Leont'yevich; SOLOMENTSEV, Nikolay Afanas'yevich; CHEKMAROV, Viktor Aleksandrovich; BIRYUKOV, V.K., redaktor; SOLOVYCHIK, A.A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Principles of hydrology and agricultural improvement] Osnovy gidrologii i sel'skokhoziaistvennykh melioratsii. Leningrad, Gidrometeorologicheskoe izd-vo, 1955. 311 p. (MLRA 9:6)
(Hydrology)

SOLOMENTSEV, Nikolay Afanas'yevich; ZVORYKIN, K.A., otvetstvennyy red.;
SHATILINA, M.K., red.; SOLOVEYCHIK, A.A., tekhn.red.

[Hydrometry] Gidrometriia. Izd. 2-oe, perer. Leningrad, Gidro-
moteor. izd-vo, 1957. 458 p. (MIRA 11:5)
(Hydrology) (Stream measurements)

SOLOMENTSEV, Nikolay Afanas'yevich; L'VOV, Andrey Mikhaylovich;
SIMIRENKO, Sof'ya L'vovna; CHEKMAREV, Viktor Aleksandrovich;
SHATILINA, M.K., red.; SERGEYEV, A.N., tekhn. red.

[Land hydrology] Gidrologiia sushi. [By] N.A.Solomentsev i dr.
Leningrad, Gidrometeor. izd-vo, 1961. 448 p. (MIRA 15:3)
(Hydrology)

BULAKH, Vladimir Leont'yevich [deceased]; SOLOMENTSEV, Nikolay
Afanas'yevich; CHEKMAREV, Viktor Aleksandrovich;
ANDREYANOV, V.G., otv. red.; SHATILINA, M.K., red.;
ALEKSEYEV, A.G., tekhn. red.

[Fundamentals of hydrology and land improvement] Osnovy
gidrologii i sel'skokhoziaistvennykh melioratsii. 2., dop.
izd. Leningrad, Gidrometeoizdat, 1963. 366 p.

(MIRA 16:10)

(Hydrology) (Irrigation) (Drainage)

SOLAMENTSEV, N. I.

"Investigation of the Effect of Structural Shapes and the Character of Stress on the Diffusion of Energy in Material During Vibration." Cand Tech Sci, Chair of the Resistance of Materials, Kiev Order of Lenin Polytechnic Inst, Min Higher Education USSR, Kiev, 1955. (KL, No 15, Apr 55).

SO: Sum. No. 704, 2 Nov 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (16).

SOV/124-58-11-13538

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 11, p 223 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Solomentsev, N. I.

TITLE: On the Energy Dissipation in Nodular Iron During Torsional Vibrations (K voprosu o rasseyanii energii v globulyarnom chugune pri krutil'nykh kolebaniyakh)

PERIODICAL: Izv. Kiyevsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1957, Vol 20, pp 261-267

ABSTRACT: A presentation of experimental data which characterize the damping ability of nodular irons.

Reviewer's name not given

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SOLOMENTSEV, N.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; KAZACHEK, A.A., inzh.

Unit for continuous vulcanization of conveyor and flat transmission
belts. Khim. mashinostr. no. 6:40-41 N-D '62. (MIRA 17:9)

SOLOMENTSEV, M.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; KOZACHOK, A.A.

Rollers for the processing of electrode carbon mass. Khim. prom.
[Ukr.] no.3:60-62 J1-S '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plasticheskikh
mass.

SOLOMENTSEV, N.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; KOZACHOK, A.A., inzh.

Roll mills for processing a mixture of carbon black and pitch. Khim.
mashinostr. no.2:41-42 Mr-Apr '63. (MIRA 16:4)
(Rolling mills)

SOLOMENTSEV, N.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Energy dissipation in solid round bars and thin-walled bars with
open profiles subjected to torsional vibrations. Izv. KPI
20:268-271 '57. (MIRA 11:3)
(Elastic rods and wires--Vibration)

AUTHORS: Markov, B. L., Solomentsev, S. L. SOV/163-58-2-23/46

TITLE: Cooling of the Panels of Measuring Instruments Used at High Temperatures (Okhlazhdeniye armatury izmeritel'nykh priborov, rabotayushchikh pri vysokikh temperaturakh)

PERIODICAL: Nauchnyye doklady vysshey shkoly. Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 2, pp. 142-144 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The system of the air-water cooling makes possible a sufficient measurement of the temperature in the Martin furnace in the tempering and melting processes. The construction and the effect of the thermocouple produced this way are described. A chromium-aluminum thermocouple was used which was protected by a steel tube covered by a chromium-magnesite layer consisting of 85 % chromium-magnesite powder and 15 % refractory clay. The thermocouple tube protected this way permits operation up to 2000°C. In the case of a normal cooling an air-pressure of 4.5 atmospheres excess pressure and a water pressure of 1.5 atmospheres excess pressure are necessary. By means of these thermocouples also on hard conditions, especially at high temperatures, satisfactory results may be

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Cooling of the Panels of Measuring Instruments
Used at High Temperatures

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obtained. The air-water cooling can also be successfully used in the construction of various measuring instruments suited for higher temperatures. Its use in longlasting temperature measurements of liquid steel is especially practical. The air-water cooling removes the danger of an explosion when the liquid metals contact the slag. There are 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy institut stali (Moscow Steel Institute)

SUBMITTED: October 28, 1957

Card 2/2

1. -- (...)".
... ..
... .., 1990, 20 pp (... ..
Chair of) (AL,, 115)

MAREOV, B.L.; SOLOMENTSSEV, S.L.

Thermal conductivity in a layer of lump materials. Izv.vys.
ucheb.zav.; chern.met. no.3:176-183 '60.
(MIRA 13:4)

1. Moskovskiy institut stali.
(Metallurgical furnaces) (Heat--Conduction)

GLINKOV, M.A., doktor tekhn.nauk; MEN'SHIKOV, R.I., kand.tekhn.nauk;
KACANOV, V.Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk; SOLOMENTSEV, S.L., inzh.

Automatic control of thermal and technological conditions in
open-hearth furnace smelting. *biul. TSIICHM* no.10:23-28 '60.
(MIRA 15:4)
(Open-hearth furnaces) (Automatic control)

KRIVANDIN, Vladimir Alekseyevich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; MOLCHANOV, Nikolay Grigor'yevich, dots.; SOLOMENTSEV, Semen Leonidovich, inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: MARKOV, B.L., kand. tekhn. nauk; FILIMONOV, Yu.P., inzh.; TEBET'KOV, B.F., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; VASIL'YEVA, R.A., inzh., retsenzent; LANOVSKAYA, M.R., red. izd-va; MIKHAYLOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Metallurgical furnaces] Metallurgicheskie pechi. Pod obshchei red. V.A.Krivandina. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1962. 600 p.
(MIRA 15:2)

(Metallurgical furnaces)

BOITYAISHIY, V.G., red.; DYMKINA, Ye.B., red.; POSTNIKOV, K.M., red.;
SOLOMENTSEV, Ye.D., red.; IOVLEVA, N.A., tekhn.red.

[Fiber spaces and their applications; collection of translations]
Kussloennye prostranstva i ikh prilozheniia; sbornik perevodov.
Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1958. 460 p. (MIRA 12:1)
(Topology)

SOLOMENTSEV, Ye. D.: Master Phys-Math Sci (diss) -- "On limiting values and classes of subharmonic functions". Moscow, 1959. 10 pp (Moscow Order of Lenin State U in M. V. Lomonosov), 150 copies (KL, No 11, 1959, 115)

SHILEYKO, A.V. [translator]; KOGAN, B.Ya., red.; SOLOMENTSEV, Ya.D.,
red.; LAGUTINA, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Digital differential analyzers] TSifrovye differentsial'nye
analizatory. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1959. 242 p.
Translated from the English by A.V.Shileiko. (MIRA 12:8)
(Electronic calculating machines)

KRASNOSEL'SKIY, M.A., red.; MOISEYEV, N.N.; SOLOMENTSEV, Ye.D., red.;
SMIRNOVA, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Theory of surface waves; collection of translations] Teoriia
poverkhnostnykh voln; sbornik perevodov. Pod red. M.A.Krasno-
sel'skogo i N.N.Moiseeva. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr.lit-ry, 1959.
366 p. (MIRA 12:11)

(Waves)

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S/055/59/000/05/009/020

1638

AUTHOR: Solomentsev, Ye. D.

TITLE: On Classes of Functions Subharmonic in the Half Space

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Moskovskogo universiteta. Seriya matematiki, mekhaniki, astronomii, fiziki, khimii, 1959, No. 5, pp. 73-92

TEXT: The paper consists of three paragraphs and contains 24 only partially new theorems and 11 lemmata. In § 1 the author formulates results (see (Ref.5)) on the existence of boundary values of subharmonic functions of the class A in the half space (the subharmonic function $u(P)$ belongs to the class A, if the function $u^+(P)$ possesses a harmonic majorant in the whole half space). In § 2 the author investigates classes of functions defined in the half space (he assumes that in every point of the half space the functions are subharmonic in the sense of J. J. Privalov (Ref.1,2)); their analytic representation is given, e. g.:

Theorem 6: In order that a function $u(P)$ subharmonic in the half space $D (z > 0)$ belongs to the class A it is necessary and sufficient

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On Classes of Functions Subharmonic in the Half Space

that it has the representation

$$(16) \quad u(P) = K_z + \frac{z}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma} \frac{u(\xi, \eta, 0) d\xi d\eta}{[(x-\xi)^2 + (y-\eta)^2 + z^2]^{3/2}} + \frac{z}{2\pi} \int_{\Gamma} \frac{d\gamma}{[(x-\xi)^2 + (y-\eta)^2 + z^2]^{3/2}} - \int_D G(P, Q) d\mu$$

where Γ is the boundary of D , i. e. $z = 0$, $k = \text{const}$, $\gamma(e)$ an additive function of the sets $e \subset \Gamma$ with derivative which vanishes almost everywhere on Γ , and $G(P, Q)$ denotes the Green function of D ; the function $\mu(e)$ is a nonnegative, nondecreasing additive function, completely continuous from below, of $e \subset D$ which corresponds to the function $u(P)$ (mass distribution); furthermore it is

$$\int_{\Gamma} \frac{|u(\xi, \eta, 0)| d\xi d\eta}{(1 + \xi^2 + \eta^2)^{3/2}} < \infty, \quad \int_{\Gamma} \frac{|d\gamma|}{(1 + \xi^2 + \eta^2)^{3/2}} < \infty.$$

In § 3 the author considers Ψ -subharmonic functions (see (Ref.4))

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On Classes of Functions Subharmonic in the Half Space

(if $\varphi(x)$ is an increasing concave function and $\varphi[u(P)]$ subharmonic, then $u(P)$ is called φ -subharmonic).

The author mentions P. J. Kuznetsov and V. J. Krylov; he thanks Professor A. J. Markushevich for advices.

There are 10 references: 6 Soviet, 1 Japanese, 1 American, 1 French and 1 Polish.

SUBMITTED: March 31, 1958

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SOLOMON TSLV, Ye.D.

Example of a finite and continuous subharmonic function not having
angular boundary values. Sib. mat. zhur. 1 no.3:488-491 S-0 '60.
(Harmonic functions) (MIRA 14:2)

GOLUBEV, Vladimir Vasil'yevich; MARKUSHEVICH, A.I., red.; ARAMANOVICH, I.G., red.; SOLOMENTSEV, Ya.D., red.; ARANOVICH, I.G., red.; MURASHOVA, N.Ya., tekhn. red.

[Single-valued analytic functions; automorphic functions] Odnosnachnye analiticheskie funktsii, avtomorfnye funktsii. Vstup. stat'ia A.I.Markushevicha. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo fiziko-matem.lit-ry, 1961. 455 p. (MIRA 15:1)
(Functions, Analytic) (Functions, Automorphic)

STOILOV, Simon [Stoilow, S.], akademik; HERSHTEYN, I. [translator];
.SOLOMENTSEV, Ye. D., red.; PRIDANTSEVA, S. V., tekhn. red.

[Theory of functions of complex variables] Teoriia funktsii
kompleksnogo peremennogo. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr. lit-ry.
Vol. 1. [Fundamental concepts and principles] Osnovnye po-
niatia i printsipy. 1962. 364 p. Translated from the
Rumanian. (MIRA 15:9)

(Functions of complex variables)

ALEKSANDROV, P.S., red.; BOL'SHEV, L.N., red.; VLADIMIROV, V.S., red.;
KUDRYAVTSEV, L.D., red.; LEONT'YEV, A.F., red.; NIKOL'SKIY, S.N.,
red.; POSTNIKOV, M.M., red.; SOLGMENTSEV, Ye.D., red.; SHAFAREVICH,
I.R., red.; GRIBOVA, M.P., tekhn. red.

[English-Russian mathematical dictionary]Anglo-russkii slovar' ma-
tematicheskikh terminov. Red. kollegiia; P.S.Aleksandrov (predse-
datel') i dr. Moskva, Izd-vo inostr. lit-ry, 1962. 369 p.

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Matematicheskii institut. (MIRA 15:11)
(English language--Dictionaries--Russian)
(Mathematics--Dictionaries)

SOLOMENTSEV, Ye.D.

Phragmén-Lindelöf's theorems for harmonic functions. Trudy MEI
no.42:161-164, '62. (MIRA 16:7)

(Harmonic functions)

KOZHUKHOV, Petr Semenovich; BRIN, I.A., kand. fiz.-matem. nauk,
dots., red.; SOLOMENETSEV, Ye.D., kand. fiz.-matem. nauk,
dots., red.

[Ordinary differential equations] Obyknoennyye differentsial'-
nye uravneniia. Moskva, Mosk. energ. in-t, 1963. 121 p.
(MIRA 17:5)

SOLGMENTSEV, Ye.D.

Phragmen - Lindelof type theorem for harmonic functions in space.
(MIRA 17:5)
Dokl. AN SSSR 155 no. 4: 765-766 Ap '64.

1. Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom
P.S. Novikovym.

TSLAF, L.Ya.; KERIMOV, M.K.; MYSHKIS, A.D.; AMERBAYEV, V.; PANOV,
D.Yu.; SOLOMENTSEV, Ya.D.

Book reviews. Zhur. vych. mat. i mat. fiz. 5 no.1:161-168
Ja-F '65. (MIRA 18:4)

SOLOMENTSEV, Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk

Study of the dynamic load on ceilings. Zhil. stroi. no.9:30-31
'62. (MIRA 16:2)

(Ceilings)

SOLOVYOV, Yu.A., kand. tekhn. nauk

Investigation of the rigidity and vibration of ribbed panels of
apartment houses. Nauch. trudy NIIMosstroia no.1:3-18 '64.
(MIRA 19:2)

SOLOVYOV, YU. I.

SOLOVYOV, YU. I.

"The effect of loading speed on the resistance of wooden rods to linear bending." Min Higher Education USSR. Moscow Order of Labor Red Banner Construction Engineering Institute V. V. Kuybyshev. Moscow, 1956 (Dissertation for the degree of Candidate in Biological Science)

Krishnavi letovis'
No. 25, 1956. Moscow

SOLOMENTSEV, Yu.A., kand.tekhn.nauk

Fine concretes for rolled structures. Bet. i zhel.-bet. no. 5:226-227
My '60. (MIRA 14:5)

(Concrete)

SOLOMENTSEV, Yu.M., Inzh.; PEYSAKHOVICH, I.B.

Share of parts machined on lathes with a running live
center. Vest.mashinostr. 45 no.8:64-69 Ag '65.

(MIRA 18:12)

SOLOMENTSEVA, N.N., inzhener.

Effect of the cutting speed on the precision of machining. Sbor.
st. CHPI no.4:12-19 '55. (MIRA 10:6)
(Metal cutting)

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S/140/61/000/003/007/009

C111/C333

AUTHORS: Slobodetskiy, L. N., Solomeshch, I. A.

TITLE: On the first boundary value problem for some degenerate elliptic equations

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Matematika, no. 3, 1961, 116-126

TEXT: Let Ω be a finite domain of the n-dimensional space $x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$; S -- sufficiently smooth boundary of Ω . Let $\phi = \phi(x)$ be a $(2k + 1)$ - times continuously differentiable function in $\bar{\Omega} = \Omega + S$ for which

$$A_1 \phi(x) \leq \phi(x) \leq A_2 \phi(x) \quad (1)$$

where $\phi(x)$ is the distance from x to S and A_1, A_2 are positive constants.

Let $u = u(x) \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)$ ($0 \leq \alpha < 1$), if u is square summable over Ω and possesses all generalized derivatives of order k in Ω , where it holds

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On the first boundary value . . .

$$D_{\alpha}^{(k)}(u) = \int_{\Omega} \left[\sum_{i_1, \dots, i_k=1}^n \left(\frac{\partial^k u}{\partial x_{i_1} \dots \partial x_{i_k}} \right)^2 \right] \delta^{\alpha} dx < +\infty \quad (2)$$

Let

$$\|u\|_{W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)} = \left\{ \int_{\Omega} u^2 dx + D_{\alpha}^{(k)}(u) \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}}. \quad (3)$$

Assume that the subdomain $\Omega_{\delta} (\delta > 0)$ of Ω consists of the points for which $\varphi(x) > \delta$. Let S_{δ} be the boundary of Ω_{δ} . Let f_0, f_1, \dots, f_{k-1} be functions defined on S ; $\vec{\nu} = \vec{\nu}(x')$ is assumed to be unit vector of the interior normal of S in $x' \in S$. Let

$u \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(f)$, if $u \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)$ and if it holds

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On the first boundary value . . .

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$$\left. \frac{\partial^j u}{\partial \nu^j} \right|_S = f_j \quad (j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1), \quad (4)$$

where the equality $u|_S = f$ is understood in the sense of $u|_{S_\delta} \rightarrow f$ in the mean for $\delta \rightarrow 0$.

Let the Sobolev spaces $W_2^{(1)}$ be defined as usual.

The boundary S of Ω is assumed to satisfy the conditions:

a.) S can be covered by a finite number of overlapping surfaces $\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_q$, where each of the surfaces σ has the equations

$$x_1 = x_1(t_1, \dots, t_{n-1}) \quad (1 = 1, 2, \dots, n) \quad (6)$$

where $x_1(t_1, \dots, t_{n-1}) = x_1(t')$ are defined in a cube γ of the space of the $t' = (t_1, \dots, t_{n-1})$; b.) there exists a $\delta > 0$ such that for every

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On the first boundary value . . .

$s = 1, 2, \dots, q$ the equation

$$x = x(t') + \forall t_n \quad (7)$$

defines a one-to-one transformation of Ω_s onto the rectangular parallelepiped $M_s : t' \in \gamma_s, 0 < t_n < 2\delta$ (Ω_s consists of those points of Ω which are in a distance from δ_s smaller than 2δ);
c.) $x(t)$ is k -times continuously differentiable with respect to t_1, \dots, t_n and $t = t(x)$ with respect to x_1, \dots, x_n .

Theorem 1: If $u \in W_{2\mu}^{(k)}(\Omega)$, then u possesses all generalized derivatives of orders $1 < k$ in Ω , where on each sufficiently smooth manifold Γ of the dimension $m > n' - 2(k - 1 - \alpha)$ the derivatives $D^1 u$ of the order 1 are summable in the power

$$q^* < \frac{2n}{n' - 2(k - 1 - \alpha)} \quad (10)$$

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On the first boundary value . . .

and

$$\| D'u \|_{L_{q^*}(\Gamma)} \leq C \| u \|_{W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)} \quad (11)$$

holds, where C does not depend on u.

Theorem 2: If the class $W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(f)$ is not empty, then there exists a unique function $u \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(f)$, which gives a minimum to the integral (2) in the class $W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(f)$. This function is 2k-times continuously differentiable in Ω and is the single solution of

$$\sum_{i_1, \dots, i_k=1}^n \frac{\partial^k}{\partial x_{i_1} \dots \partial x_{i_k}} \left(\sigma^\alpha \frac{\partial^k u}{\partial x_{i_1} \dots \partial x_{i_k}} \right) = 0 \quad (5)$$

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On the first boundary value . . .

in $W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(f)$.

Theorem 3: If $u = u(x) \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)$, then the boundary values of its normal derivatives of the order $j \leq n - 1$ on S belong to the spaces $W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)$ with $\tau_j = k - 1 - \frac{1+\alpha}{2}$. Here it holds

$$\left\| \frac{\partial^j u}{\partial \nu^j} \right\|_{W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)} \leq C \|u\|_{W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)} \quad (18)$$

where C does not depend on u .

Theorem 4: Let $f_j \in W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)$ ($j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1$). Then there exists a function $u \in W_{2,\alpha}^{(k)}(\Omega)$ which satisfies the boundary conditions (4). Here it holds

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On the first boundary value . . .

$$\|u\|_{W_{2,\infty}^{(k)}(\Omega)} \leq C \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \|f_j\|_{W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)} \quad (29)$$

where C does not depend on f_j ($j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1$).

Theorem 5: In order that the class $W_{2,\infty}^{(k)}(f)$ be not empty it is necessary and sufficient that $f_j \in W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)$ ($j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1$).

Theorem 6: In order that the boundary value problem (5), (4) be solvable in $W_{2,\infty}^{(k)}(\Omega)$ it is necessary and sufficient that $f_j \in W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)$ ($j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1$). If these conditions are satisfied, then for the solution $u = u(x)$ it holds:

$$C_1 \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \|f_j\|_{W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)} \leq \|u\|_{W_{2,\infty}^{(k)}(\Omega)} \leq C_2 \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \|f_j\|_{W_2^{(\tau_j)}(S)} \quad (37)$$

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On the first boundary value . . .

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where C_1, C_2 are positive constants only depending on Ω .

The authors mention: V. M. Babich, A. A. Vasharin, M. J. Vishik,
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